Data use in Adult Social Care: Prevention, Practice, Commissioning, Improvement and Transformation.

ADASS Webinar

18th September 2024

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What we will cover...

- Shared Ambitions: Exploring the shared strategic ambitions of Adult Social Care and CLS and what we can learn from the data and findings so far.
- Same data, different story? How current data, used innovatively, has helped CLS better understand the impact of prevention, failure demand, changes in practice, quality in care and value.
- A policy of value: A look at how to extrapolate the economic value in our work to support business cases, benefits realisation and wider stakeholder buy-in.
- A Question of Data: An introduction to simple techniques to support greater data literacy and help everyone ask the important, curious questions of our data and measures that will drive real change and improvement.



Section 1:

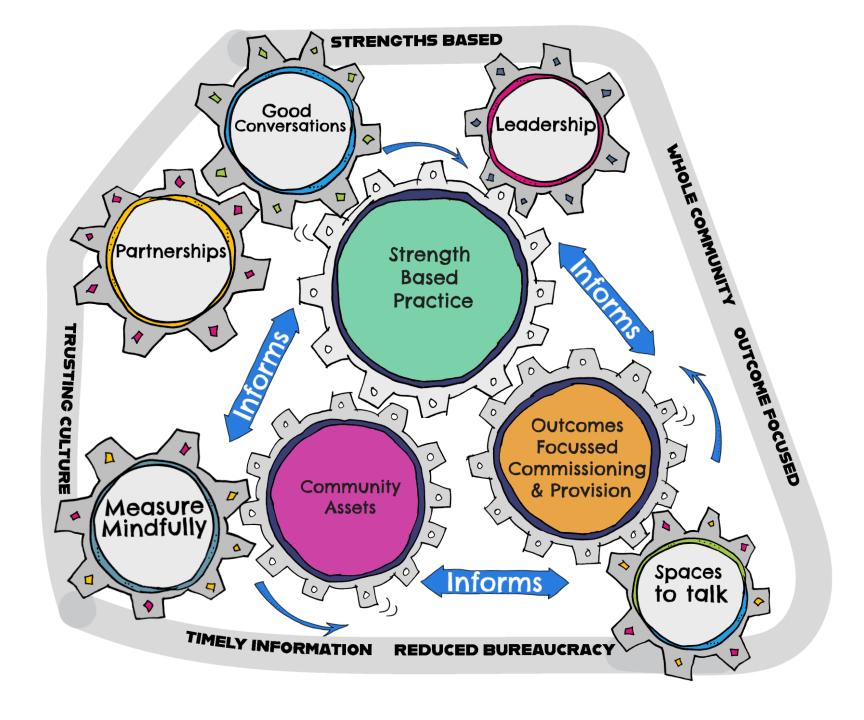
Shared ambitions, and what we have learned from our work so far.





The Community Led Support 'cogs'











Info & Advice

Prevention

Wellbeing

Healthier Lives

Assess, Plan, Review

Experience & Outcomes

ARC Findings

CLS reduced the percentage of care requests that received funded care c.7%

Sites with longer CLS input increases the proportion of non-funded requests signposted toward alternative sources of care (c.11%)

Leads to better quality of care for existing clients, as measured by the ratio of planned to unplanned care reviews c.8%

Is cost-effective as it does not substantially increase expenditure on long-term care

Reviews

Commissioning

Partnership working

Workforce

Use of Data

Information on Outcomes

Info & Advice

CLS Network Findings

Reviews

Prevention

Wellbeing

Healthier Lives

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Experience & Outcomes

Reducing unplanned Reviews and the cost of responding to crises.

Improved experience of care and support Improved stability in the care and support workforce

Improved relationships between provider and commissioners

Commissioning

Partnership working

Workforce

Use of Data

Information on Outcomes

Section 2:

Same data – a different story?









DATA USE IN ORGANISATIONS

- Inspection Data.
- End of Year Returns.
- Local Account / Annual Report.
- Dashboards / Scrutiny.
- Contribution analysis / Evaluations.

- **PROVE IMPROVE FORM INFORM**
- Baselining and Benchmarking.
- Improvement Plans.
- Business Cases.
- Project and Programme Plans.
- Modelling and Predictive Analysis.

- Day to day front line data.
- Waiting Lists / To do lists.
- Priority Actions & Activity.
- Caseload data, completeness& key actions.

- Management reports.
- Aggregated Team data.
- Team Performance data.
- 1:1 & Caseload analysis.
- Team / Group Plan Reviews.
- Sickness / Productivity data.

Identification and agreement of relevant measures (1)



Potential Evidence / Measures

- Number of "No Further action" or signposting at front door.
- Number of immediate repeat requests for support (Within 6 weeks?)
- Economic value of delay to formal services / economic costs of community alternatives.
- Mean Age at entry into system.
- Economic value of delay to formal services / economic costs of community alternatives.
- Sustainability within the system shown through narrowing the gap between life expectancy and system entry .
- Narrowing the gap between wards / postcodes / lower-level super output areas, ethnicity, etc. entry ages.
- Mean Entry package of care size (hours).
- Rate of growth in care over time (hours/input).

Identification and agreement of relevant measures (2)



Potential Evidence / Measures

- The economic value of difference in use of care between observed and baseline / counterfactual.
- Cost and complexity in review / planned and unplanned reviews, and consequences.
- A reduction in unplanned (crisis) reviews as well as increase in planned reviews is economical in terms of use of professional time and care.
- Links to rate of growth in package of care (above).
- Mean age at care change of location due to crisis or condition (e.g., end of life pathway, palliative care, Nursing and residential).
- Quality-of-Life indicators
- Self-reported improvements in safety, connectiveness, wellbeing, ability.
- Potential economic value of use of wider services.

Section 3:

A Policy of Value





Value of Interventions







The Value of Interventions Economic Evaluation of Case Studies

Community Led Support means people are supported to achieve better outcomes and lives are well-led, avoiding the need for a host of resources to manage the impact of crisis. The paradox of understanding the impact or value of effective interventions is this: if expensive consequences hadn't yet happened, and because of us don't happen, how can we measure them? Well, the fact is we can't...

...But we can do the next best thing, which is to look at what DID happen because of our involvement and compare it to:

- 1. What was happening before we got involved; and
- 2. What might have happened if we hadn't got involved.

When we add in costs of our work, we have all the elements to demonstrate the value as well as the impact.

A skilled practitioner in a curious conversation will be able to elicit key information about how things were, how they are, and how they might have been otherwise.









Value of Interventions



The Value of Interventions: Telling a tale of Impact and Experience.

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Story 1: H				
•	Approach	Resource Required	Associated Costs	
Story 2: Carol	Assessment (Social Work)	3 hours staff time x (£47.00 x1)	£141.00	
3tory 2. caron	Assessment (Health)	3 hours staff time x (£47.00 x1)	£141.00	
0. 0.44.14	Support Package creation	3 hours staff time x (£47.00 x1)	£141.00	
Story 3: Mr W	Formal Intervention – ongoing	18 months community support.	£14,508	
·	(Social Care).	@ 1 contact per week (£186.00 x		
Story 4 : Mrs C		78 weeks)		
3tory 4 . IVII 3 C	Average cost of service provision	£2,319pa (x1.5)	£3478.50	
	for people suffering from mental			
Story 5: Maureen	health disorders (NHS) FISCAL			
•	Average cost of service provision	£4,811pa (x1.5)	£7216.50	
Story 6: John	for people suffering from mental			
Story 0. Joins		21 (647.00.4)	5444.00	
	Review (Social Work)	3 hours staff time x (£47.00 x1)	£141.00	
Story 7: Marian, May and Gill				
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Ctony Or lim	Actual Case – How things are.			
Story 8: Jim	Approach	Resource Required	Associated Costs	
	Conversation approach	8 hours staff time x (£65.00 x1)	£520.00	
Story 9: Lewis	Health Improvement Team	9 hours staff time x (£65.00 x1)	£585.00	
,	Adult Health & Social Care	5 hours staff time x (£65.00 x1)		
Ctory 10. Erod	Contact Team input		£325.00	
Story 10: Fred	GP Appointment and Time	3 hours (x £135.00)	£405.00	

Additional Potential

TOTAL

Story 11: Mary.....

Story 12: Stephen.......

Story 13: Vicki.....

Bed (Furniture and Delivery)

Approach	Туре	Associated Costs / Savings pa.
Return to Education, Training or	Fiscal Savings pa (£5,141.00 X	
employment	1.5)	£7.711.50

£100.00 furniture + £100 delivery

£200.00

£2035.00

costs (staff, fuel)

Section 4:

A Question of Data















Tip 3: Make size a personal thing.



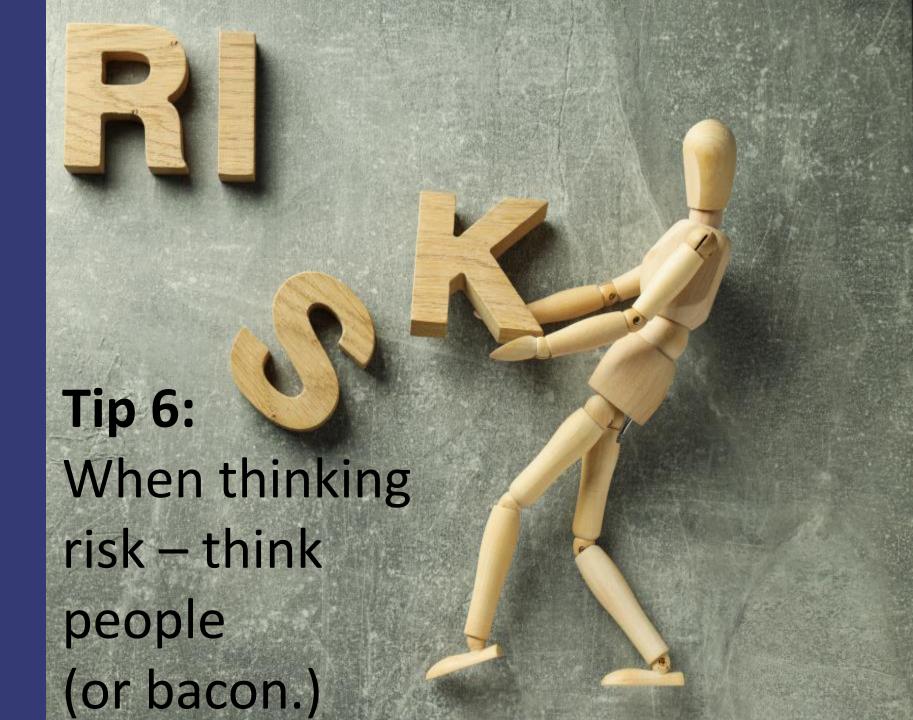






















Tip 9: Beware of "This causes that"...





Tip 10:

Averages aren't average.





- 1. Ask questions.
- 2. Think Mushy Peas, not Beans.
- 3. Make size a personal thing.
- 4. Chance is always lurking.
- 5. There are always ups and downs.
- 6. When thinking Risk Think people.
- 7. Easy Shocks and wayward Tee-Shots.
- 8. No Data no Story!
- 9. Beware of "This Causes That"
- 10. Averages aren't.

Thank You!



